United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only received NOV 7 1980 date entered

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

Type all entries—c	omplete applicable se	ections		
1. Name				
historic	Van Pelt House	3		
and/or common	Van Pelt-Campb	ell House		
2. Locati	ion			
street & number	209 Tenth St	reet		not for publication
city, town	linger	vicinity of	congressional district	21
state Texas	code	048 county	Runnels	code 399
	fication			
district building(s) structure	vnership public private both blic Acquisition in process being considered	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park x private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner	r of Proper	ty		
name Mr.	and Mrs. Jero	me Wesley Campb	ell	
street & number	209 Tenth S	treet		
	inger	vicinity of	state	Texas 76821
Compared to the State of the Compared to the C	on of Lega	al Description	on	
courthouse, registry		Runnels County		
street & number	<u> </u>			
	allinger		state	Texas
	sentation i	in Existing		
	Sites Inventory	•	perty been determined ele	egible? yes _X_ no
	.978, August 19		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	e county loca
depository for surve	records Texas Hi	storical Commis	sion	
city, town Austin			state T	'exas

7. Description

Condition excellent good	deteriorated	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X original site moved date	
x fair	unexposed			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Van Pelt House is a two story rectangular frame dwelling. The entrance (northeast) front of the house consists of three irregular bays and a tower. The center door on the ground floor has diamond pane sidelights; to the north of the door is a 1/1 window with a repeating pierced fleur-de-lys decoration on the lintel (found on all but rear elevation windows), and to the east is a single pane with restored transom bay window. The weatherboarding is a type of novelty siding popular at the turn of the century. The second floor of the entrance front has a recessed center door with walls splayed inward on each side, and the downstairs bay and 1/1 windows are repeated. The hip roof is broken by a lateral gable over the bay windows; it contains two small single pane windows (surmounted by a fan motif tympanum) and a frieze ornamented by bullseye medallions. The tower on the north corner of the house consists on the first floor of a three sided bay at a 45° angle from the main house with narrow 1/1 windows on the sides and a single pane with transom in the center; these are divided by chamfered pilasters. The second floor of the tower appears octagonal in shape with four sash windows (diamond panes over single pane). A skirt-like projection with tin shingles is found at roof level, surmounted by an octagonal frame drum. The spire of the tower is supported by small brackets and covered with tin shingles; it is topped by a decorative finial. A veranda extends along most of the northeast and southeast elevations. Added in 1911, it consists of paired fluted Corinthian columns with full entablature (including dentils and modillions). The porch is placed above a stone block base, and it was formerly surmounted by a balustrade.

The northwest (Phillips Avenue) facade has a center door with sidelights and a transom at ground floor level; it is sheltered by a portico supported by four Corinthian columns and two pilasters. The portico has a hip shed roof and bullseye medallions on the frieze. The tower is to the north of the portico, and a bay window with single pane and transom to the west. The second floor has paired 1/1 windows at the center (surmounted by a lateral gable similar to that on the entrance front) and 1/1 windows at each side. The southeast elevation originally consisted of five bays on both floors, a central lateral gable with paired diamond pane windows and a full extension of the front veranda. The southern portion of the veranda, however, was enclosed about 1911 with a three window infull: the eastern portion of the porch was also infilled about 1940, but this later addition has recently been removed and the two 1/1 windows returned to their original position on the southeast wall. The center door with sidelights and transom, the five second floor 1/1 windows and the lateral gable on the roof remain, but broken diamond pane windows in the gable have been replaced with vents. The southwest (rear) elevation also has five bays on both floors. The center door downstairs is covered by a porch supported by turned posts. The 1/1 windows do not have the decorated lintels found on other facedes, but there are corner pilasters. The hip roof is split to form a deep valley between the two sections.

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The interior of the ground floor has been greatly altered. Originally the Van Pelt House had 16' x 18' rooms in each of the four corners and a Greek cross shaped network of hallways connecting the major rooms and the center exterior doors on each elevation. Drastic changes were made, however, when the house was converted successively into a funeral home, nursing home and apartments; many of the downstairs walls were removed or altered and architectural detailing was lost then and in later years when the shouse was repeatedly vandalized. The present owners are reconstructing walls following their original configuration and are seeking appropriate architectural elements.

The second floor of the Van Pelt House has fared somewhat better. Comparatively few partitions have been changed, and beaded architraves and other architectural details survive. Some original plumbing fixtures can also be found. The attic is unfinished, and the structure has no basement.

Outbuildings formerly associated with the house have all been demolished. These included a large barn, a two story wash house and a much later garage. Two of the five city lots on which the house was built have been partitioned, and the structure remains in an older primarily residential area in Ballinger.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications		landscape architectur law literature military music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1901	Builder/Architeet-	J.W. Whitt	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Van Pelt House is of interest as perhaps the oldest surviving substantial residence in Ballinger, and as a town landmark since its construction. While built at the very beginning of the present century, the Van Pelt House reflects more late Victorian stylistic traditions, and is a good West Texas manifestation of the Queen Anne style. It was constructed for A.H. Van Pelt, one of the first settlers in the town and later a prominent businessman and civic leader. Finally, after some years of considerable neglect and abuse, the house has become one of the area's pilot restoration/re novation projects.

* *

Alvin Hutchison Van Pelt was both literally and figuratively one of the first citizens of Ballinger. Born in Rome, Georgia in 1858, young Van Pelt moved to Little Rock, Arkansas about 1870, after the death of his father in the Civil War. He learned the tinsmithing and hardware tradess from a cousin, Danial Fones, and he later pursued his career in Morrilton, Conway County, Arkansas. At the time the Santa Fe railroad laid out Ballinger in West Texas, however, Van Pelt had already established a hardware business nearby in two tents on the banks of the Colorado River. He is also said to have had a pre-constructed frame house ready to locate in town as soon as lots were sold, which occurred 29 June 1886. Van Pelt went on to establish permanent hardware stores in Ballinger, Bronte and Winters which he operated until about 1940.

In March, 1901 Van Pelt purchased five lots in Ballinger for \$400.00, and in September of that year a Mechanic's Lein was recorded for the construction of a two story house on the property by Mr. J.W. Whitt for \$4200.00. That same month the Ballinger Banner-Ledger noted "Mr. Van Pelt is building a home... to eclipse any other," and three months later Van Pelt and his family moved into the completed house. Stylistically, the structure presented some interesting contrasts: the center and transverse halls separating four rooms of equal size on the first floors may have been a carryover from Greek Revival traditions; the exterior of the house, however, was a classic example of Queen Anne architecture (the very correct classical veranda was not added until a decade later). As befitted the home of a hardware magnate, the Van Pelt House featured many up-to-date conveniences, including central heating and what according to tradition was the first complete bathroom in Ballinger.

The house was occupied by Van Pelt, his wife (nee Nannie Sleeper), a son, Daniel, and three daughters, Alva, Bertha and Pauline. The family entertained extensively at the house, and were active in community and

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church affairs. The house was sold in 1932, two years after Mrs. Van Pelt's death.

For the next forty years, the Van Pelt House underwent a series of unfortunate modifications. A few minor changes may have occurred after the Van Pelts' departure when the house became a rooming house. The most devastating alterations were made about 1940 after the structure became a funeral home, in which most of the ground floor was gutted (Alvin Van Pelt was buried from the house in 1943). In 1947, it was split into apartments, and in 1959 further alterations were made when it became a nursing home. A few years later it briefly served as an apartment house again, but it was abandoned altogether by the late 1960's.

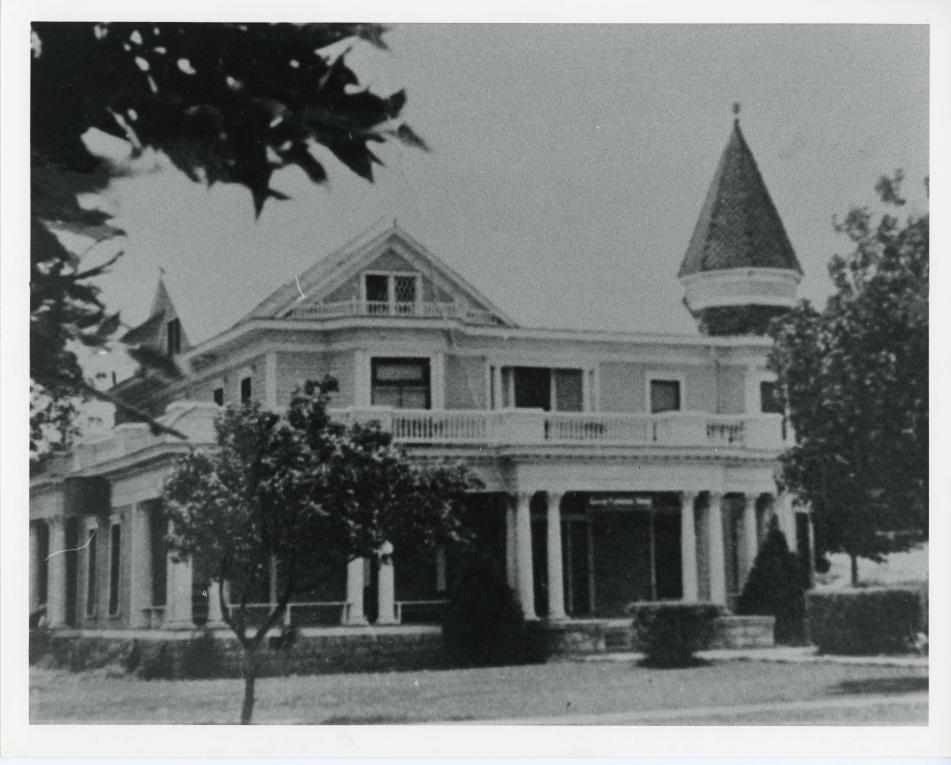
The Van Pelt House had reached its nadir in 1974 when it was purchased by Mrs. J.D. (Robbie) Eoff of Ballinger. It had been empty for some time, had been mutilated by previous owners and vandals, and was a strong candidate for condemnation. Mrs. Eoff, an organizing member of the Runnels County Historical Commission, and her son-in-law and daughter, Mrs. and Mrs. Jerome WasCampbell, Srl, felt that the Van Pelt House was too important to the community to be lost, and they have spent the last six years rehabilitating the structure as a single family residence. The exterior of the house is being restored gradually and unsympathetic materials and additions removed; replacement siding for deteriorated areas was obtained when the local Santa Fe depot was demolished, and other elements are being repaired or reconstructed. Interior architectrual features are being restored when possible and adapted when not. The restoration/re novation of the Van Pelt House has attracted considerable attention locally, and in an area of few Victorian residences it is hoped that the house will be recognized as an important link with the past and testimonial to the importance of historic preservation.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Robbie Jones Eoff, "Van Pelt-Campbell House," essay, 10 October 1979, on file at the Texas Historical Commission, Austin; Ballinger Ledger, 28 October 1943; Frank D. Jenkins (ed), Runnels County Pioneers (Abilene: R. & R. Reproduction Company, 1975)

10. Geograp	hical Data	UTM NOT	VERIFIED		
Acreage of nominated proper Quadrangle name Ballin UMT References	ty578 ger	ACREAGE NO	VERIFIED Quadrang	le scale 1:24	1000
A 1 4 4 0 9 8 0 0 Easting	3 5 1 1 6 7 0 Northing	B Zone	Easting	Northing	
C		Р <u> </u>			
Verbal boundary description Block 97, First Feliz Itz, County S	Railraod Addit	ion, Balling	3 (each mea er, Runnels	suring 60 County, T	' x 140') exas -
List all states and countie	es for properties over	lapping state or co	ounty boundaries		
state	code	county		code	
state	code	county		code	
organization Victorian street & number 713 Gra	Society in Ame		ate 29 Septem elephone (512)		GR4-4589
Street & number	Trail P 2006	(deline utilia)	a John Clean	412-4111,	3 N4 - 4303
city or town Austin	real hadenens		tate Texas		ilitaini
12. State His	storic Pres	ervation	Officer C	ertifica	ation
The evaluated significance of national	this property within the	state is:	out empere of Such as identification Such empere of the such		
As the designated State Histo 665), I hereby nominate this p according to the criteria and p	roperty for inclusion in t	he National Register	and certify that it b	as been evaluat	c Law 89– ed
State Historic Preservation Of	ficer signature	(M	my la	nme	on onthe
title State Historic	Preservation 0	fficer	date	20 Octobe	r 1980
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this	property is included in	the National Register		, ,	
1 Beth Groven			date	12/3/80	
Keeper of the National Regi	ster				
Attest:			date		
Chief of Registration					

Property Van Pelt House	80004146
State &, Runnels Working Number 11.7.80, 2779	
TECHNICAL Photos Maps	CONTROL
Good example of the regional interpretation of Queen Ann of	tyl. HISTORIAN accypt Grovena
	12/3/80
ARCHITEC	CTURAL HISTORIAN
	ARCHEOLOGIST
	OTHER
	HAER Inventory
	Review
R	EVIEW UNIT CHIEF
	BRANCH CHIEF
	KEEPER
National Register Write-up Send-back Federal Register Entry	



Photographer unknown, date of photograph approx. 1940. Photo courtesy of Mrs. Eoff. Negative of copy on file at Texas Historical Commission.

East oblique, camera facing west.

Photo 1 of 7.

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Photo by Carol Kennedy, August, 1980. Negative on file at Texas Historical Commission.

East oblique, camera facing west.

Photo 2 of 7.

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Photo by Carol Kennedy, August, 1980. Negative on file at Texas Historical Commission.

North oblique, camera facing south.

Photo 3 of 7.

7 198

JEC 3 1980



Photo by Carol Kennedy, August, 1980. Negative on file at Texas Historical Commission.

Northeast elevation, camera facing southwest.

Photo 4 of 7.

NON 3 1980

IEC 3 1980



Photo by Carol Kennedy, August, 1980. Negative on file at Texas Historical Commission.

Detail of northeast elevation, camera facing southwest.

Photo 5 of 7.

DEC 3 1880 NON 1 1880



Photo by Carol Kennedy, August, 1980. Negative on file at Texas Historical Commission.

Southeast elevation, camera facing northwest.

Photo 6 of 7.

NOV 7 1980 DEC 3 1980



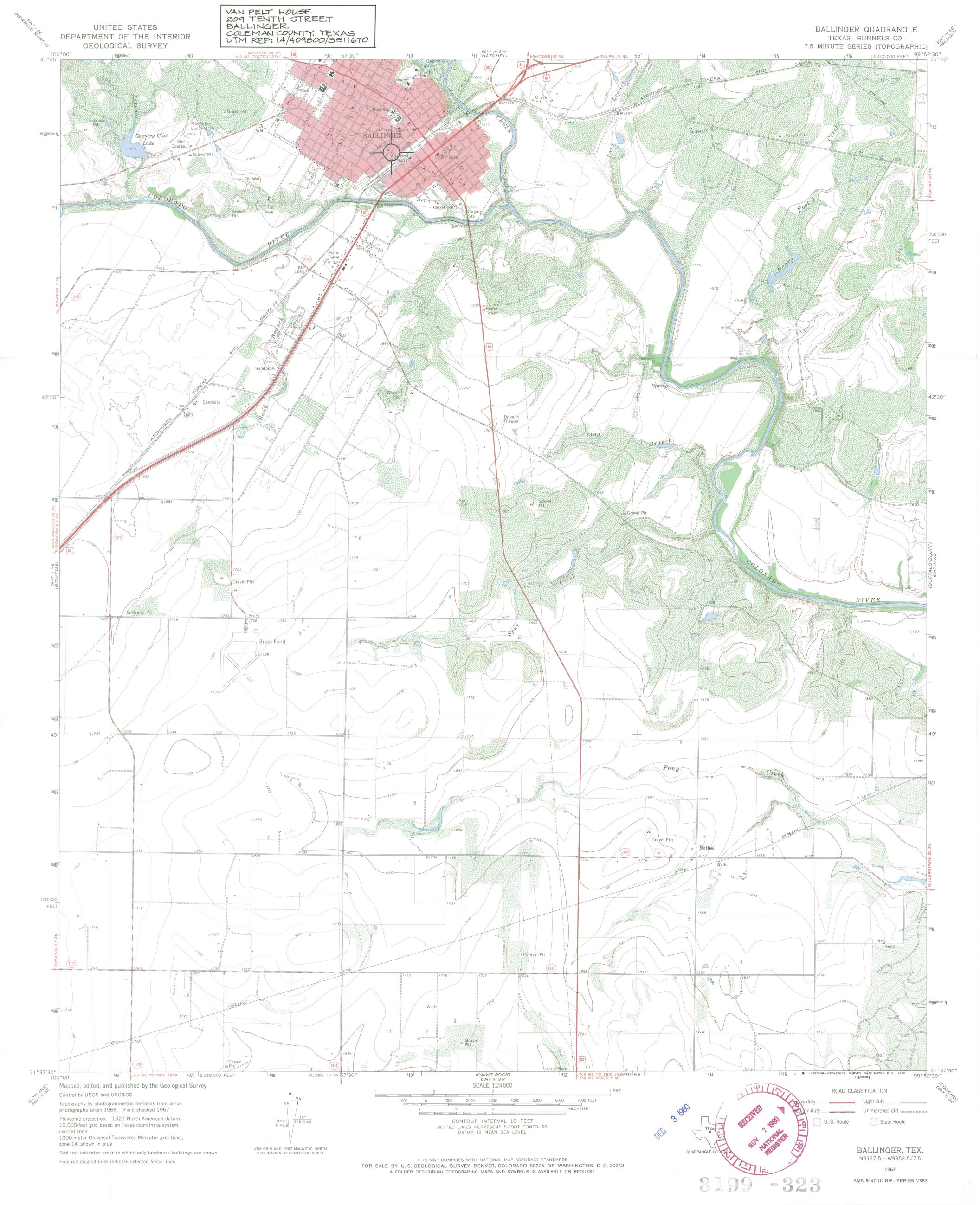
Photo by Carol Kennedy, August, 1980. Negative on file at Texas Historical Commission.

Southwest elevation, camera facing northeast.

Photo 7 of 7.

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ENTRIES IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

TEXAS

STATE

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Date Entered

Name

Location

Courtlandt Place Historic District

Houston

Harris County

Weeks House

Wichita Falls Wichita County

Van Pelt House

Ballinger Runnels County

Also Notified

Honorable Lloyd Bentsen

Honorable John G. Tower Honorable Mickey Leland Honorable Jack E. Hightower Honorable Thomas G. Loeffler State Historic Preservation Officer Mr. Truett Latimer Executive Director Texas State Historical Commission P.O. Box 12276, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711

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For further information, please call the National Register at (202)343-6401.